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Geochemistry, Geophysics, Geosystems

Supporting Information for
The Impact of Matrix Rheology and Stress Concentration in Embedded Brittle Clasts

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## Additional Supporting Information (Files uploaded separately)

Caption for Dataset S1 with 66 image traces (in jpg format).

## Introduction

This Supporting Information file contains:

1. additional flow laws (Figure S1) and discussion which one we considered for our models (Text S1)
2. a table with the coordinates for the trace locations (Table S1). First column: Sample regions corresponding to figure \#1 in the accompanying paper, second column, unspaced UTM format for use with ArcGIS, third and fourth columns latitude and longitude, respectively, sixed column distance to pluton rim.
3. caption for the supplementary scans of traces collected in the field (Dataset S1). Nomenclature for the files herein:
a. All the ' $o$ ' within the names simply indicate that they are all the original scans.
b. NWO - 'Northwest' location. Labeled \#1 in Figure 1 in the accompanying paper.
c. nwo19-'Northwest' location. Labeled \#2 in Figure 1 in the accompanying paper.
d. nco - 'North Central' location. Labeled \#3 in Figure 1 in the accompanying paper.
e. sco19- 'South central' location. Labeled \#4 in Figure 1 in the accompanying paper.
f. SWO - 'Southwest' location labeled \#5 in Figure 1 in the accompanying paper.
g. swo19-'Southwest' location. Labeled \#6 in Figure 1 in the accompanying paper.

## Text S1.

Figure S1 shows different flow laws that may be used for describing the viscous rheology of continental crust: wet Westerly granite by Hansen and Carter (1982; WetGr-HC1982 in red), quartzite by Ranalli (1997; Qz-Ranalli1997 in green) and by Hirth et al (2001; Qz-Hirth2001 in pink) and dry granite from Carter et al. (1981; DryGr-Carter1981 in blue) and Hansen and Carter (1982; DryGr-HC1982 in brown).

In our chosen P-T-غं conditions (which correspond to about 13-14 km depth and to a strain rate of $10^{-11} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ ), dry granite by Hansen and Carter (1982, brown curve) and quartz by Hirth et al. (2001, pink curve) are too "strong", therefore deformation of the plutonic matrix using these two laws would result in frictional deformation of the matrix, inconsistent with field observations. The other three flow laws have similar behavior (top three curves). Since the matrix of the pluton consists of granite, we chose the dry granite flow law of Carter et al. (1981), based on the absence of extensive veining (therefore fluids) in our field area.

As in all geodynamic models, our results are sensitive to the choice of flow law. There is a lot of uncertainty regarding the strain rates during deformation of the pluton (a range from $\sim 10^{-8}$ to $\sim 10^{-12} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ has been suggested by Chen and Nabelek, 2017, with a most likely estimate towards the fastest stain rates). Uncertainty exists also for extrapolation of the dislocation creep parameters from laboratory scales and strain rates to lithospheric length- and timescales. Therefore, the differences between these two flow laws (wet and dry granite - red and blue curves) are not significant with respect to the necessary assumptions for running the models.


Figure S1. Schematic representation of different rheological law considered for the matrix. Dashed line represents the frictional strength of the matrix. Curved lines represent the different viscous strengths for different materials. Gray box shows the estimated depth of the pluton according to de Saint-Blanquat et al. (2001).

| Sample region | UTM coordinate | Latitude | Longitude | Distance from pluton contact (m) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11504003634098482 | 37.02725613 N | 118.12021053W | 11 |
|  | 11504003854098487 | 37.02730353 N | 118.11996389W | 16 |
|  | 11504004234098490 | 37.02733460 N | 118.11953714W | 27 |
|  | 11S04004714098447 | 37.02695214 N | 118.11899189W | 88 |
|  | 11S04005174098465 | 37.02711925 N | 118.11847719W | 104 |
|  | 11S04005274098457 | 37.02704821 N | 118.11836373W | 117 |
|  | 11S04003554098454 | 37.02700293 N | 118.12029675W | 32 |
|  | 11S04003694098443 | 37.02690528 N | 118.12013792W | 48 |
|  | 11S04003674098435 | 37.02683296 N | 118.12015935W | 54 |
|  | 11S04003654098424 | 37.02673361 N | 118.12018037W | 65 |



|  | 11S04008064096644 | 37.01073254 N | 118.11497629W | 153 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11S04004864096559 | $37.00993262 N$ | 118.11856135W | 11 |
|  | 11S04004794096569 | 37.01002200 N | 118.11864134W | 13 |
|  | 11S04004884096577 | 37.01009506 N | 118.11854125W | 25 |
|  | 11S04004894096584 | 37.01015825 N | 118.11853094W | 30 |
|  | 11S04004794096571 | 37.01004003 N | 118.11864161W | 15 |
|  | 11S04004884096615 | 37.01043754 N | 118.11854627W | 43 |
|  | 11S04005004096639 | 37.01065512 N | 118.11841458W | 65 |
|  | 11S04005164096622 | 37.01050359 N | 118.11823252W | 72 |
|  | 11S04004814096658 | 37.01082434 N | 118.11863062W | 56 |
|  | 11S04005264096678 | 37.01100936 N | 118.11812753W | 110 |
|  | 11S04005064096684 | 37.01106132 N | 118.11835309W | 91 |
|  | 11S04005064096693 | 37.01114244 N | 118.11835428W | 95 |
|  | 11S04005164096724 | 37.01142289 N | 118.11824599W | 116 |
|  | 11S04005064096730 | 37.01147591 N | 118.11835917W | 112 |
|  | 11S04005034096739 | 37.01155670N | 118.11839407W | 115 |
|  | 11S04005084096745 | 37.01161131 N | 118.11833867W | 124 |
|  | 11S04004904096758 | 37.01172657N | 118.11854268W | 118 |
|  | 11S04004544096745 | 37.01160559 N | 118.11894555W | 81 |
|  | 11S04008874096439 | 37.00889348 N | 118.11403901W | 4 |
| 6 | 11S04008924096445 | 37.00894809 N | 118.11398360W | 11 |
|  | 11S04008814096472 | 37.00919027 N | 118.11411078W | 6.6 |
|  | 11S04003914098509 | 37.02750245 N | 118.11989936W | - |
| NW pluton | 11S04004234098521 | 37.02761399 N | 118.11954124W | - |
| contact | 11S04004494098545 | 37.02783305 N | 118.11925215W | - |
|  | 11S04003564098490 | 37.02732749 N | 118.12029027W | - |
| SW pluton contact | 11S04004674096563 | 37.00996665 N | 118.11877541W | - |
|  | 11S04004554096587 | 37.01018169 N | 118.11891344W | - |
|  | 11S04004374096623 | 37.01050424 N | 118.11912049W | - |
|  | 11S04004254096652 | 37.01076433 N | 118.11925918W | - |
|  | 11S04004074096674 | 37.01096070 N | 118.11946438W | - |
|  | 11S04004884096544 | 37.00979764 N | 118.11853689W | - |
|  | 11S04008834096433 | 37.00883899 N | 118.11408317W | - |
|  | 11S04008904096416 | 37.00868651 N | 118.11400227W | - |


|  | $11 \mathrm{SO4008794096456}$ | 37.00904586 N | 118.11413115 W | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $11 \mathrm{SO4008674096479}$ | 37.00925188 N | 118.11426903 W | - |
|  | 11 S 04008464096500 | 37.00943893 N | 118.11450780 W | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Table S1. Coordinates of trace locations organized by sampling region.

Data Set S1. Scans of traces collected in the field (jpg format). For nomenclature for the files herein see Introduction in this file.

